

THE STATE JOURNAL.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF TOPEKA

By FRANK P. MACLENNAN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DELIVERED BY CARRIER, 10 CENTS A WEEK TO ANY PART OF TOPEKA OR SUBURBS, OR AT THE SAME PRICE IN ANY KANSAS TOWN WHERE THIS PAPER HAS A CARRIER SYSTEM. BY MAIL, THREE MONTHS AND USED ONLY FOR THE DAY ASSOCIATED PRESS BUSINESS BETWEEN THE HOURS ABOVE NAMED. \$2.50 BY MAIL, ONE YEAR. \$25.00 WEEKLY EDITION, PER YEAR. \$2.50

Address, STATE JOURNAL, Topeka, Kansas.

THE FIRST PAPER IN KANSAS TO SECURE THE LEASED WIRE SERVICE OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS; controls exclusively for Topeka the Full Day Service of this great organization for the collection of news. A telegraph operator in the STATE JOURNAL office is employed for the sole purpose of taking this report, which comes continuously from 7:30 a. m. till 4:30 p. m. (with bulletins of important news up to 6 p. m.) over a wire running into this office and used only for the day Associated Press business between the hours above named.

THE STATE JOURNAL is the only paper in Kansas receiving the Full Day Associated Press Report.

THE STATE JOURNAL has a regular average daily local circulation in Topeka of more than all other Capital City Dailies combined, and double that of its principal competitor—a very creditable morning newspaper.

Member of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association.

The STATE JOURNAL Press Room is equipped with a Lightning Web Perfecting Printing Press—the handsomest and fastest piece of printing machinery in the state.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—Forecast until 6 p. m., Thursday: For Kansas—Fair, cooler; Thursday; southwinds becoming northerly.

When the Kow Shing was sunk the Japanese band probably played the tune the old cow died on.

A STATE has actually been carried by the Democrats in these times, too; but then it was Alabama.

THE colored vote was responsible for the success of the Democrats in Alabama. How times have changed.

OTHER states may put up the price of corn with their hot winds if they like and Kansas will furnish the corn.

It looks a good deal as if in Russia's attitude toward the Korean war, the Chinese had furnished her the quack.

THE market reports say that wheat sympathized with corn. It looks more like wheat itself needed sympathy.

THE corn that will be burned for fuel by the farmers this year wouldn't fill a scuttle as small as a Democratic majority.

JUDGING from the names of the Chinese war vessels it would be no wonder if other ships didn't "speak" them as they passed.

THE people of Texas still have such an aversion to "black Republicans" that they will only tolerate them at all as "Lily Whites."

THE one thing that all the Democratic congressmen agree on is that it is necessary to agree, and the one thing they don't do is to agree.

THE coke strikers in Pennsylvania, almost all of them Slavs, want to join the Mikado's army. Cannot the ocean steamship lines be induced to give them special rates?

RAYMOND LEIMER the father of twenty nine children twenty-three of whom are living, hanged himself at Danbury, Conn. A circus was in town which explains the "rash act."

SENATOR VOORHEES it is said has deserted the senate conference on the tariff bill matter. What mission Mr. Voorhees has been promised has not yet been announced.

THE house caucus wasn't intended of course to "discredit the conference"; but simply to strengthen the conference's back bones so they wouldn't bring discredit on the house.

A NEW railroad is to be run through the Indian Territory. This is no doubt for the convenience of the surviving members of the Dalton gang; it won't be so long between railroads now.

A CHINESE daily paper giving a full account of the Korean war has been started in New York, but those unable to get copies of it can use their Chinese laundry checks to the same advantage.

A MAN of 120 pounds weight like Secretary Thurber standing guard over a man of Mr. Cleveland's magnificent proportions is a spectacle that might easily be made ludicrous if one were at all jocular.

ANOTHER gigantic scheme for swindling the government has been unearthed in connection with the manufacture of armor piercing projectiles. The expenditure of vast sums of money in the manufacture of this class of goods and guns and naval vessels which goes on from year to year, is little less than an absolute waste of the people's money at best, but when the government does not get what it pays for, then it is surely time to call a halt. But after all what is the good derived from these discoveries? They only result in an investigation, incurring additional expense and are followed by a liberal application of white-wash and the play goes on. There can be no change for the better until the administrative and legislative powers of the government are held responsible for these steals, by the people. The protest must be made at the ballot box. The responsibility is not difficult to locate.

A PREACHER'S OPPORTUNITY.

The Rev. Samuel Lane Loomis says, in a recent issue of the Chautauquan, "The tramp should not be suffered to pursue his way. He ought to be suppressed. No able-bodied man should be suffered to live without engaging in useful labor."

The Rev. Samuel Lane Loomis should be delegated at once to supply the "useful labor" at which the 2,000,000 tramps are to be set. If he can do it, the whole country would rejoice. Why doesn't the Rev. Samuel Lane Loomis begin by employing one or two himself? If every man who thinks that the tramps should all be set to work would furnish permanent employment to one or two himself, the tramp problem would soon be settled. But people like Preacher Loomis are always looking to somebody else to furnish the employment. The employers of labor in this country say that they have not the work to offer; has Mr. Loomis heard of that? There was a movement some months ago by the tramps themselves, asking the government to give them work, as the usual employing agencies had failed; but that movement was heavily sat down on.

One part of the Rev. Samuel Lane Loomis' statement is good; viz., "No able-bodied man should be suffered to live without engaging in useful labor." We fear the yachting Mr. George Gould and Ward McAllister and the Astors and a hundred millionaires and sons of millionaires in New York, who inherited their fortunes, and who do not do an iota of work, would be included in this description. It isn't the tramp alone that loaf through this world without engaging in useful labor. The Rev. Samuel Lane Loomis strikes us as being a mild kind of a simpleton.

THE initiative and referendum idea of government, which has attained a considerable foothold in some other states, has broken out in this city. It could be arranged so as not to be too cumbersome it could only result in a pure democracy—a government of the people, and would doubtless prove more satisfactory to the masses. They could have such laws as they might desire and refuse such as they might not approve. It would not be necessary, as under our present republican form of government, to wait two years to change a congress and then have it go contrary to the will of the people, as has been done by the present one in relation to the coinage of silver. With the initiative in force now the free coinage of silver would not be long delayed. The system has been in operation in Switzerland for some time and is said to have proved very satisfactory.

THE senate bill providing for the deportation of anarchists has been amended and passed. Perhaps congress sees now how much better it would have been to keep them out altogether, that is, if congress sees anything.

SENATOR IRBY has gone home to his constituents in South Carolina and told them that Cleveland is a hypocrite and fraud. This shows what pie might have done for South Carolina.

HE SHOT AT THEM.

Hugo Felitz Drives Three Midnight Visitors Away With a Gun.

Hugo Felitz is the German who lives down by the river, just north of the city park, and rents bathing suits to people who want to roll around in the sand of the Kaw.

Sunday night he was awakened about 11 o'clock by a loud noise at his front door, and as the noise continued, he concluded to get up and see what it was. Taking his revolver he went to the door and demanded to know who were there and what was wanted.

"We are hungry and want something to eat," replied a voice. Hugo looked out of the window, and in the semi-light saw three men who seemed to be pretty drunk. He ordered them away, but they continued to try to force the door. So Hugo shot a hole in the door.

This only increased the row and with curses and threats the fellows again tried to open the door by force. Hugo thought that was enough to make any man mad so he yanked the door open suddenly and fired a shot into the darkness at the three men. He thinks he must have hit one of them because they went away immediately cursing and swearing vengeance. It looked to him as they disappeared in the darkness as if two of them were half carrying the third. They went to the north.

In the morning Hugo and a policeman looked through the woods and there but could find no traces of the tramps, for such they probably were.

Felitz is now afraid the fellows will burn his house over his head some night for revenge and is inviting the neighbors in to sleep with him a few at a time.

LEWELLING PLAYS CARDS.

Dodge City People Think the Governor Isn't Much Good at Games.

While Governor Lewelling was at Dodge City he was entertained by the Phoenix club in the evening. The members of the Phoenix club think the governor is a very pleasant gentleman, but he can't play games. Having been very ungraciously beaten at both billiards and cards Mr. Lewelling called, in a confident way for their best chess player. The Rock Island agent was put forward to sustain Dodge City's credit, and did so by beating the governor three straight games. The Dodge City people think the state central committee had better give the governor some instructions or he will injure the Populist cause.

Ready-Made Suits.

AIN't it when you can have them made to your order for \$16.50. Full line of trousers always on hand from \$4 and up.

ALTRIN & McMANIS, 610 KANS. AVE.

American Steam Laundry, 112 West 7th street, tele. 341.

Prescott & Co. will remove to No. 118 West Eighth this month.

Shirts mended by the Peerless.

Clearing sale prices at Furman's.

SAVANTS IN SCIENCE.

THEY WILL SOON DISCUSS ABSTRAUSE PROBLEMS IN BROOKLYN.

Annual Meeting of the American Association For the Advancement of Science—Interesting Career of Dr. Daniel Garrison Brinton, President of the Association.

Scientists of high and low degree, large and small, short and tall, long headed, level headed, baldheaded and gray headed, are all headed toward Brooklyn just now, for the reason that on Aug. 15 the American Association For the Advancement of Science is to begin its annual session of nine days' duration in the City of Churches. Among the organizations invited to attend the session are the following named:

Geological Society of America, American Microscopical society, Society For the Promotion of Agricultural Science, Society For the Promotion of Engineering Education, Botanical club, Association of Economic Entomologists, American Chemical society, Association of State Weather Services, American Forestry association, Appalachian Mountain club, Association of Official Agricultural Chemists, Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experimental Stations, Entomological club, American Geographical society, Torrey Botanical club of New York, New York Microscopical society, New York Academy of Sciences, Linnæan society of New York, New York Mineralogical society, New York Mathematical society, New York section of the American Chemical society, New York Entomological society.



PRESIDENT DANIEL G. BRINTON.

ety. The most eminent scientists of England, France and Germany, including Professor Huxley, Sir Archibald Geikie and Sir John Lubbock, have also been asked to be present.

The American Association For the Advancement of Science has been in existence 43 years, and the researches of its members and its public annual deliberations have been of incalculable benefit to the cause of science. The president of the association is Daniel Garrison Brinton, the eminent ethnologist, who probably knows as much as any man living about the division of mankind into races, their origin, distribution and relations and the peculiarities which characterize them.

President Brinton was born in Chester county, Pa., May 13, 1837. He was graduated at Yale in 1859 and at the Jefferson Medical college in 1861. After a year of travel in Europe he returned to America and entered the Federal army as acting assistant surgeon. In 1863 he was commissioned surgeon and served as surgeon in chief of the Second division, Eleventh corps. He saw about all that there was to see of the horrors of war at Chancellorsville, Gettysburg and other engagements, and in October of the same year was appointed medical director of his corps.

At the battle of Gettysburg he received a sunstroke and was disqualified from service. He soon became superintendent of hospitals at Quincy and Springfield, Ill., and remained on duty there until the close of the war, when he was brevetted lieutenant colonel and discharged. After the war he settled in Philadelphia, became the editor of a medical and surgical publication and has since been a frequent contributor to the columns of such journals.

Dr. Brinton has for many years been prominent as a student of and writer on American ethnology, and the subject has fascinated him ever since he was a student in college. In 1884 he was appointed professor of ethnology and archaeology in the Academy of Natural Sciences, Philadelphia, and for several years he has been president of the Numismatic and Antiquarian society of the Quaker City. In 1886 he was elected vice president of the American Association For the Advancement of Science, to preside over the section devoted to anthropology, and the same year had the honor of being the first American awarded the medal of the Societe Americaine de France for his numerous erudite works on American ethnology.

He has established a library and publishing house of aboriginal American literature for the purpose of placing within the reach of scholars authentic materials for the study of the languages and culture of the Indians of America. Each work is the production of a native mind and is printed in the original language. Dr. Brinton has also made valuable reports on his investigations of mounds, shell heaps, rock inscriptions and other evidences of the races that preceded the American Indian and has shed much light on these interesting mysteries of early life on this continent. The numerous books he has written on medical and ethnological subjects make quite a library in themselves.

It is believed that over 1,000 delegates will attend the sessions of the association in Brooklyn. They will find pleasure as well as profit awaiting them, for they will be entertained by excursions to Long Branch, Cold Spring Harbor and West Point.

LIGHTS OF THE LEGAL WORLD.

They Will Shine in Saratoga When the American Bar Association Meets.

Barristers, briefless and otherwise—principally the latter—will talk shop at Saratoga Aug. 22 when the seventeenth annual convention of the American Bar association opens that day. The convention will be held in Convention hall, and the session will begin with an address by Judge Thomas M. Cooley of Ann Arbor, Mich., the present president of the association. The election of members and the general council and the reports of officers will follow. In the evening Hampton L. Carson of Pennsylvania will discuss "Great Dissenting Opinions," and Charles Claffin Allen of Mississippi will read a timely and interesting address on "Injunction and Organized Labor."

Moorefield Storey of Massachusetts will open the second day's session with an address, and interesting papers will be read by eminent legal luminaries. In the evening special committees on uniform state laws, expression and classification of the law, and federal code and criminal procedure will make their reports. At this session the association will again discuss the great question of uniform divorce laws.



THOMAS M. COOLEY.

President Cooley was born in Attica, N. Y., in 1824. He studied law and was admitted to the bar of Michigan in 1845. In 1857 he was elected compiler of the state laws and the following year became reporter of the supreme court. He organized the law department of the University of Michigan in 1859 and in 1864 was appointed justice of the supreme court of Michigan and three years later was made chief justice. In 1885 he sought re-election, but was defeated.

When the interstate commerce commission was organized, Judge Cooley's great reputation as a jurist impelled President Cleveland to appoint him a member of the commission, and his associates elected him chairman. Ill health compelled him to resign in 1891. Judge Cooley is a very unselfish and looking man, but he is clothed with the girl who became his wife. Young law students who appear backward in their struggles with Blackstone, Kent and Parsons may find a grain of hope in the fact that after young Cooley had been holding down a chair in a law office for a year the attorney he was studying with told him solemnly that he would never make a lawyer if he studied law 50 years.

Hard Coal Cheap.
The Southwestern Fuel company has made large purchases of Pennsylvania and Los Cerrillos anthracite coal, and are offering these coals at very low prices to such persons as are in a position to place orders for July and August delivery. Call for information and prices at our office.

THE SOUTHWESTERN FUEL COMPANY, 634 Kansas avenue.

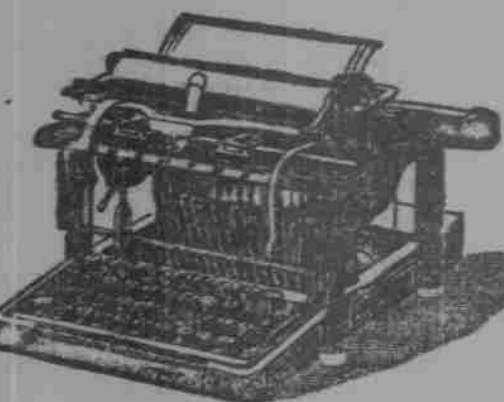
Telephone No. 193.

Any young man wishing to attend school in Emporia and work his way, will do well by applying for a Daily Gazette route. System the same as that of the leading papers of Topeka. Address, W. Y. Morgan, Emporia, Kan.

When down town drop in at W. A. I. Thompson H'd'we Co., and get a Majestic baked biscuit and cup of coffee.

Cut prices this week at Furman's.

The Remington Typewriter



makes no pretensions that are not supported by its record; advances no claims that the actual performance of each and every machine manufactured will not justify; varies not from one uniform standard of excellence in construction; and therefore maintains, by means of timely and thoroughly tested improvements, its unquestioned pre-eminence as the Standard Writing-machine Simple, Practical, Durable, Easy to Learn and Operate.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 327 Broadway, New York.

J. F. MYERS.

LOCAL DEALER.

TOPEKA.

NEGLIGEE

SHIRTS.

SUITS

TO ORDER.

EAGLE & CURRY.

We carry the largest and only complete line of Hats in the city, including all the novelties. Come in and see the new styles and novel shapes for Fall wear.

The Men's Hatters and Furnishers.

YOU MANS

HATS.

FINE

UNDERWEAR.



J. M. KNIGHT, ANTI-COMBINE UNDERTAKER,

404-506 KAS. AVE., And 633 Kas. Ave., NORTH TOPEKA. Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Queens, etc. on easy payments. Phone 53. 12 and Walnut Kansas City, Mo. 12th and 14th

JUSTICE GROVER REPLIES.

He Says He Treated the Litigants in His Court With Fairness.

Justice Grover says the petition of Frank and Amos Goodman filed in the district court is not a fair statement of facts, and offers his version of the case as follows:

"George Camp commenced an action in my court against Frank Goodman and Taylor Wright to replevin. Mr. Schenck was Mr. Goodman's attorney. When the case was called Mr. Schenck and Mr. Goodman made no appearance and offered no testimony; and after some evidence being offered by the plaintiff, I rendered a judgment in favor of the plaintiff."

"The defendants Goodman and Wright handed in an appeal bond on the evening of the ninth or morning of the tenth day after the rendition of the judgment. During the forenoon, which was Saturday, Mrs. Grover went to North Topeka to make inquiry as to the solvency of the bondsmen. One of them not having justified, I became satisfied the bond was not sufficient."

"In the evening of the tenth day I went to the place of business of Mr. Goodman and told him to get a good bondsman and have him sign the bond before midnight as it was the last day and unless he did he would be deprived of his appeal."

"All these facts will appear at the trial. I have not intentionally acted oppressively or intended to injure the defendants in that case. Of course after a case is once determined in any court unless appealed I am entitled to my fees."

How's This!
We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

E. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Welling, Kinnear & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Cut prices on walking shoes.—Furman's.

Tan shoes at cut prices. Furman's.

Administrators'

Shoe Sale

The Boston Shoe company, at 511 Kansas ave., have scooped in about \$12,000 of all kinds of fine footwear from the administrator of Harper, Hatch & Emery, Boston, Mass., which will be sold as quick as possible at 65c on the dollar.

LOOK AND READ

Ladies' fine hand turned French Kid \$4 Shoes.....\$1.65
Ladies' fine hand sewed Juliettes in black or russet tan \$3.50 Shoes..... 1.75
Ladies' fine hand sewed \$2.50 Prices
Alberts..... 1.50
Ladies' fine hand turned and sewed \$3.50 Shoes..... 1.75
Ladies' fine hand sewed several shades Russet \$1.50 and \$2 Oxfords..... .75

Finest assortment of Misses' and Children's Shoes, Oxfords and Slippers at less than cost, of leather to manufacture. Misses' and Ladies' Tennis Shoes..... .35
Children's Tennis Shoes..... .25
Men's fine Seal Skin Russet \$7.00 Shoes..... 8.00
Men's fine Kangaroo \$5 Shoes..... 2.75
Men's fine hand sewed Prince Albert and Southern Ties \$7 Shoes..... 2.75
Men's fine low cut \$2.50 and \$3.00 Shoes, all go at..... 1.45
Men's fine Congress Juliettes for summer wear \$3 Shoes..... 1.50
Men's fine Calf Welt \$2.50 Shoes, best in the state..... 1.50
Men's good \$1.50 Veal Calf Shoes in Bais and Congress..... .95
Men's Silk Velvet Fancy Lining \$1 Slippers..... .50
Men's best quality Bicycle Shoes..... .75
Boy's Tennis Shoes..... .35

Call and examine this immense stock of fine footwear, as you will get fitted in size, width and quality, as there is some of the best makes in this stock made in the United States.

BOSTON SHOE CO.

All mail orders promptly attended to.

511 Kansas ave.

Read the "Wants." Many of them are as interesting as news items. See if it is not so.